

Name _____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1) Which of the following best describes a seizure? 1) _____
 - A) Fainting spell
 - B) Loss of consciousness
 - C) Sudden change in electrical activity in the brain
 - D) Muscular convulsions

- 2) Which of the following is NOT necessary for the patient who has stopped seizing prior to the EMT-B's arrival at the scene? 2) _____
 - A) Checking for mechanism of injury
 - B) Administration of oxygen
 - C) Requesting advanced life support for the administration of anticonvulsant medication
 - D) Suction

- 3) Your patient is a 19-year-old female who is 7 months pregnant. She has just experienced a seizure, although she has no previous history of seizures. Which of the following could be the cause of the seizures? 3) _____
 - A) Eclampsia
 - B) Trauma
 - C) Hypoglycemia
 - D) Any of the above

- 4) Which of the following is NOT a sign or symptom of stroke? 4) _____
 - A) Vomiting
 - B) Sudden impairment of vision
 - C) Seizure
 - D) Chest pain

- 5) Your patient is a 21-year-old female with a history of epilepsy. She is having a convulsion on your arrival. Which of the following should you do? 5) _____
 - A) Restrain the patient's extremities to prevent injury from flailing of the arms and legs
 - B) Move furniture and other objects away from the patient to prevent injury
 - C) Place a tongue depressor or spoon in the back of the mouth to prevent the patient from swallowing her tongue
 - D) Insert a bite block, cloth, wallet, or similar item between the patient's teeth to prevent her from biting her tongue

- 6) In children, the most common cause of seizures is: 6) _____
 - A) Fever
 - B) Congenital brain abnormalities
 - C) Trauma
 - D) Poisoning

- 7) Which of the following describes status epilepticus? 7) _____
 - A) Two or more seizures with tonic-clonic activity without an intervening period of consciousness
 - B) A seizure involving convulsions on only one side of the body
 - C) A period of drowsiness following tonic-clonic seizures
 - D) A seizure that occurs without a known cause

- 8) Which of the following is the most common cause of seizures in adults? 8) _____
A) Withdrawal from alcohol B) Head trauma
C) Fever D) Failure to take prescribed medication
- 9) The condition in which there is an insufficient amount of sugar in the blood is called: 9) _____
A) Hyperinsulinemia B) Hyperglycemia
C) Hypoinsulinemia D) Hypoglycemia
- 10) Which of the following blood glucose levels is in the normal range? 10) _____
A) 150 mg/dl B) 180 mg/dl C) 80 mg/dl D) 40 mg/dl